



UTAH JUSTICE REINVESTMENT INITIATIVE - JRI Criminal Justice Reforms

Second Annual JRI Report -- Highlights

presented by

Utah Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice

November 2017

The JRI Strategy

Focus Prison Beds on Serious and Violent Offenders
Strengthen Probation and Parole Supervision
Improve and Expand Re-Entry and Treatment Services
Support Local Corrections Systems
Incorporate Validated Screening and Assessment Tools
Ensure Oversight and Accountability

Timeline

2013

Performance
audit of the
division of
Adult
Probation
and Parole
Report
#2013-08

2014

CCJJ and PEW
Charitable
Trust begin
seven month
policy
development.

review of sentencing and corrections data.

2015

H.B. 348
CRIMINAL
JUSTICE
REFORMS
Some reforms
effective May
2015

REVISED
SENTENCING
GUIDELINES
Majority of
reforms effective
October 2015

2016

JRI 1st ANNUAL REPORT Presented Oct/Nov

Preliminary
Performance
Measures
Outlined for a
9-month
period

REVISED
SENTENCING
GUIDELINES
effective
October 2016

2017

JRI 2nd ANNUAL REPORT Presented Oct/Nov

Performance
Measures for an
21-month
period

REVISED
SENTENCING
GUIDELINES
effective
October 2017

Looking Forward

Developing a formula to measure cost savings/cost avoidance;

- Implementation Task Force
- Criminal justice agencies

Response Incentive Matrix (RIM) Sanctions / Incentives

- Fidelity training for agents
- Review what works

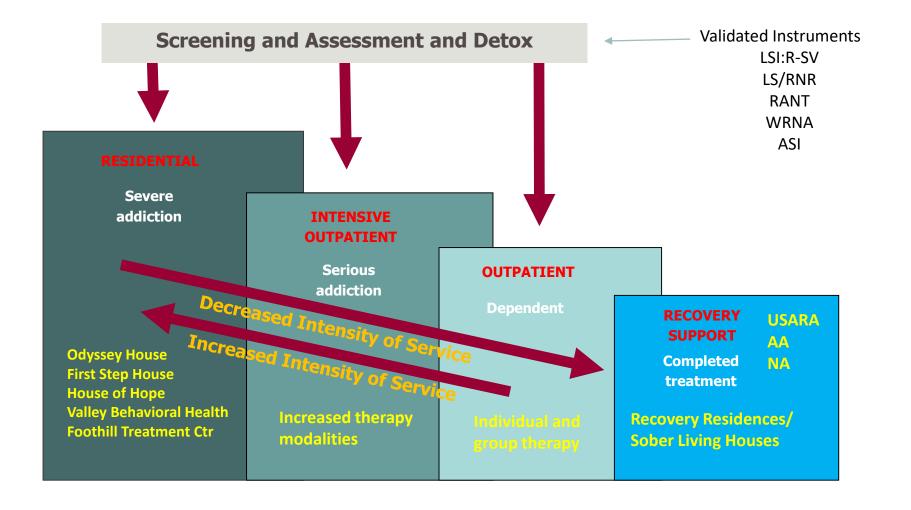
Treatment

- Protocols What works for what population
- Residential needs vs. community outpatient
- Funding accountability

County Data

- Jail participation
- County partnerships

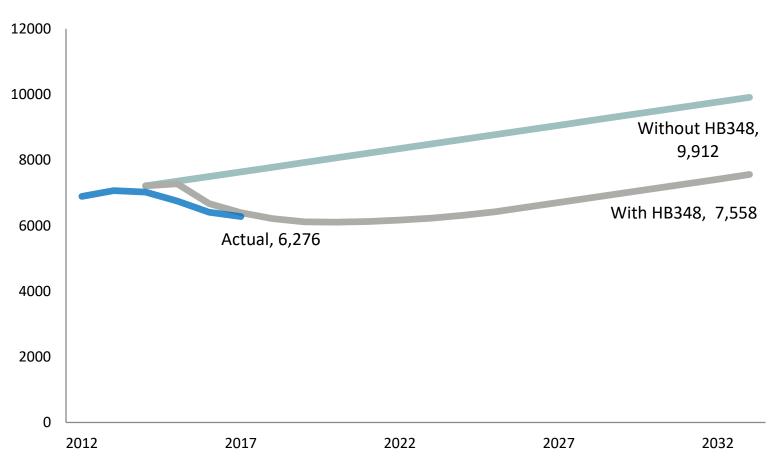
Treatment Overview



Utah's prison population has significantly declined.

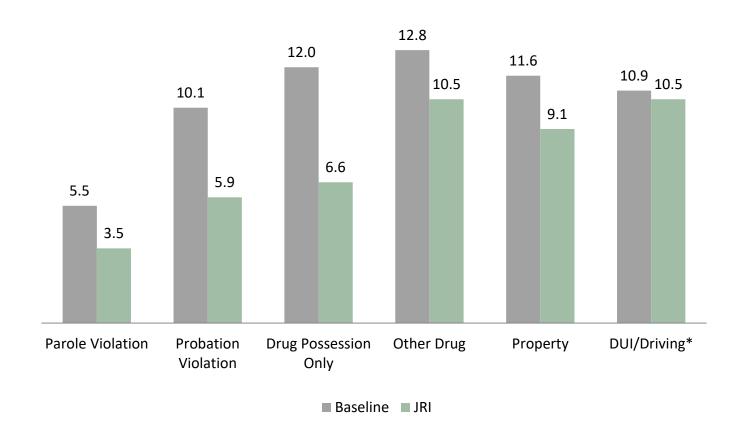
Utah's actual prison population is 18 percent less than projected without reforms and has in recent months reached its HB348 projection line.





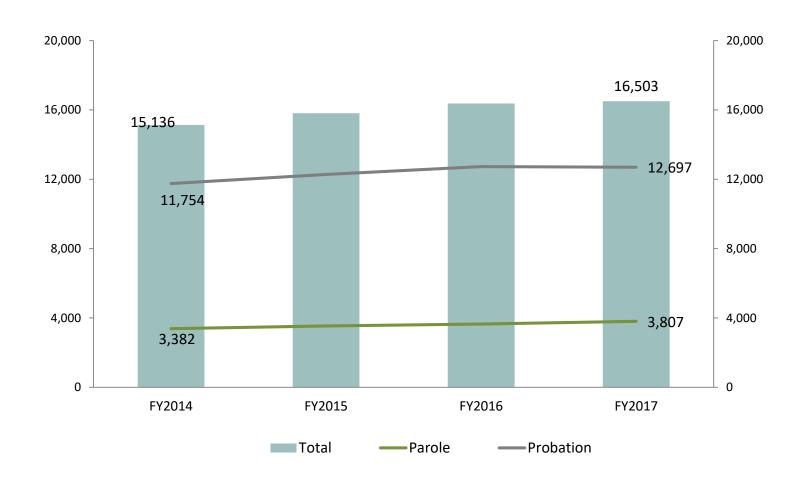
Prison length of stay has declined across most non-violent offenses.

The average prison length of stay has declined among new non-violent offenders and parole and probation revocations, with length of stay for drug possession only offenders being reduced by an average of 5 months.



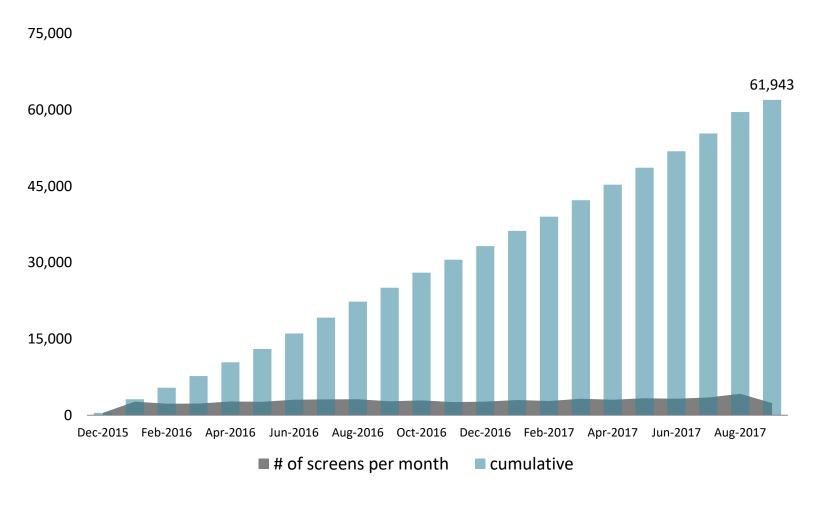
Supervision population increased at a similar rate pre- and post-JRI.

Overall, the AP&P supervision population had been growing steadily prior to the reforms. This is mostly due to a slightly decreased growth in the probation population. The parole population has experienced a slight increase.



County jail risk and needs screening program.

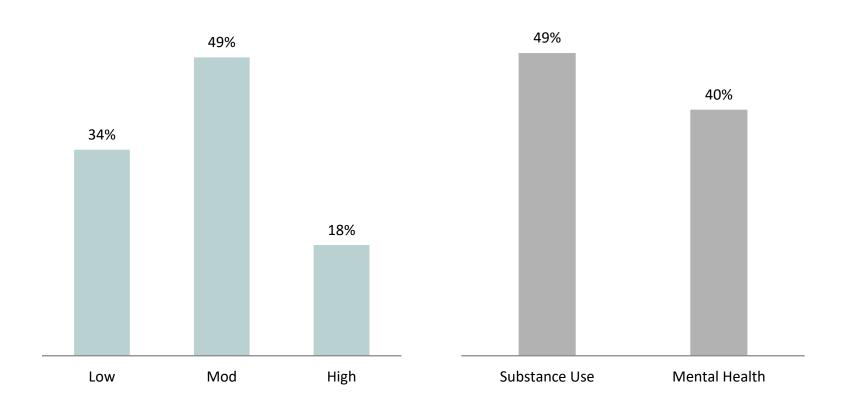
The statewide risk and needs screening instrument assists jail staff with offender management; screens out low risk offenders; and provides information on referrals for substance use and mental health evaluation.



Risk and needs breakdown for all jail screenings.

Risk Level Breakdown

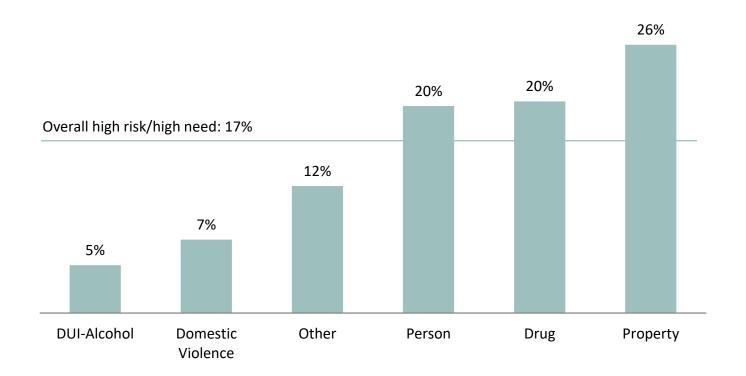
Recommended for Further Assessments



Drug and property arrestees have a similar risk/need profile.

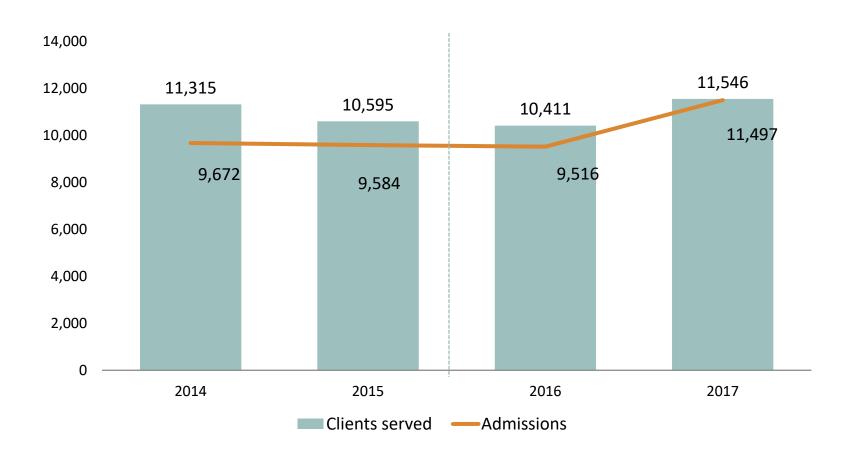
Individuals being arrested for a drug or property crime share a similar likelihood of being high risk/high need (for substance use).

% High Risk/High Need (SU) by Offense Type

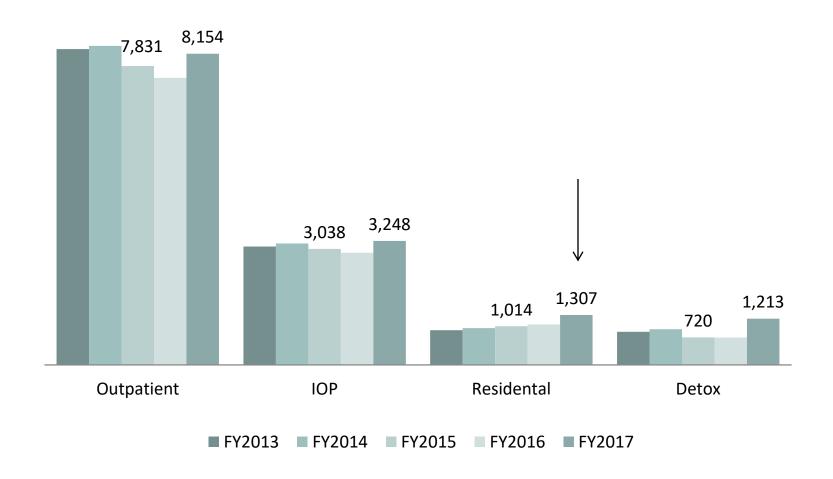


The number of justice involved clients admitted to substance use treatment has increased post JRI.

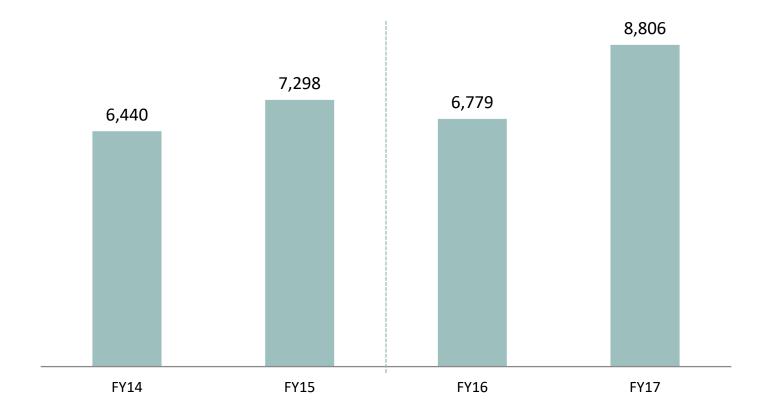
While the number of justice involved clients admitted to treatment has increased since the implementation of JRI, the number of justice involved clients served has remained relatively trendless.



Substance use treatment by level for justice involved clients

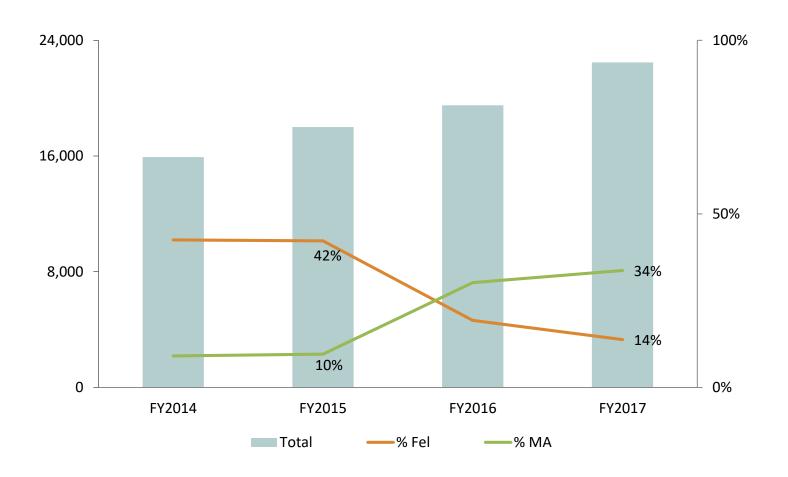


The number of justice involved clients receiving mental health treatment increased in FY17.

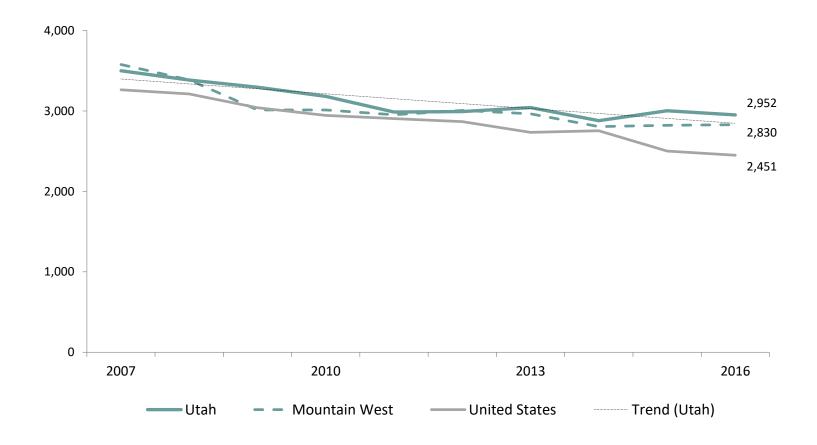


Drug possession only cases filed as felonies continues to decline.

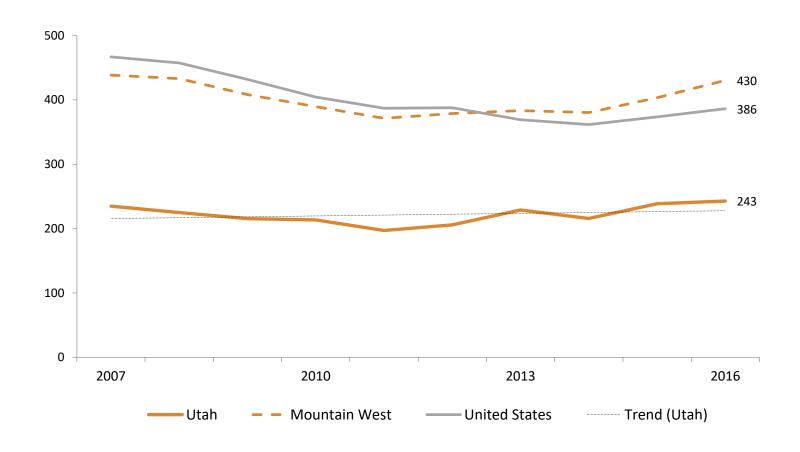
The percent of drug possession only cases filed as a felony has significantly declined while the percent filed as an MA has significantly increased. The total number of drug possession cases filed has continued to depict an upward trend.



Property crime rates per 100,000 population



Violent crime rates per 100,000 population



Summary

The Implementation Task Force continues to meet monthly to identify cross agency barriers and challenges, working toward solutions that support the criminal justice reforms.

Future reports will be looking at:

- Evaluating the new treatment standards
- Recidivism cohort analyses
- Response and Incentive Matrix (ongoing implementation and outcomes)
- Cost-savings analyses

Thank You

Questions or comments about this presentation may be directed to:

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